IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE FIFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER NO. A-2022-29

REGARDING CERTAIN PROCEEDINGS TO PROHIBIT THE PURCHASE OF FIREARMS BY THE MENTALLY ILL

AND

RESCINDING, SUPERSEDING, AND REPLACING ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER A-2014-4

WHEREAS, Article V, Section 2(d) of the Florida Constitution, Section 43.26, Florida Statutes, Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.215, charges the Chief Judge with the authority to promote the prompt and efficient administration of justice in the courts over which he or she is Chief Judge; and

WHEREAS, Florida Law provides that under certain conditions an individual who has been allowed to transfer to voluntary status after being admitted for involuntary examination at a Baker Act receiving facility and is certified by a physician to be of imminent danger to self or others may be prohibited from purchasing firearms or obtaining or retaining a license for a concealed weapon; and

WHEREAS, Section 790.065, Florida Statutes, governs the sale and delivery of firearms; and

WHEREAS, Section 790.065(2)(a), Florida Statutes, governs who can be denied a license to carry a concealed weapon or purchase a firearm, including the responsibilities of various individuals or entities in carrying out these provisions; and

WHEREAS, Section 790.065(2)(a)4.b.(II), Florida Statutes, establishes a procedure so that certain persons <u>voluntarily</u> admitted for mental health treatment will be prohibited from purchasing a firearm:



IT IS THEREFORE:

ORDERED ADMINISTRATIVELY as follows:

- I. Voluntary Admission to a Mental Institution: In the event that a person voluntarily is admitted to a mental institution for outpatient or inpatient treatment, who had an involuntary examination under Section 394.463, Florida Statutes, and where each of the conditions found in Section 790.065(2)(a)4.b.(II) have been met:
 - a. Within 24 hours, the Administrator of the receiving or treatment facility <u>must</u> file, with the Clerk of the Circuit Court (Clerk):
 - 1) The examining physician's written finding that the person is an imminent danger to himself/herself or others, including a description of the person's behavior that led to the finding;
 - 2) The examining physician's certification that if the patient did not agree to voluntary treatment that a petition for involuntary outpatient or inpatient treatment would have been filed under Section 394.463(2)(g)4, Florida Statutes, or a petition for involuntary treatment was filed and the patient subsequently agreed to voluntary treatment prior to a court hearing on the petition;
 - 3). Written notice, received prior to the patient agreeing to voluntary treatment, of the examining physician's finding and certification, and which contains a statement that the patient would be prohibited from purchasing a firearm and would not be eligible to apply for or retain a concealed weapon or firearm license under Section 790.06, Florida Statutes; and
 - 4) The patient's written acknowledgment that he/she understands the above-described findings.

- **b.** No fee shall be charged for the filing
- II. Computation of Time: For all purposes of this Administrative Order the 24-hour time-periods shall be computed as provided in Florida Rules of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.514(a)(2).

III. Duties of the Clerk of Courts:

- a. Transmission by the Clerk of the record of finding, certification, notice and written acknowledgment to the Court: The Clerk must present the records to a judge or magistrate within 24 hours after receipt of the records
- b. Transmission of court order to FDLE: If, after determining that the record supports the classifying of the person as an imminent danger to himself or herself or others, a judge or magistrate orders the record to be submitted to FDLE, the Clerk must transmit the Court's order to the Florida Department of Law Enforcement within 24 hours of receipt of the order.
- IV. Duties of the Judge or Magistrate: A judge or magistrate is required and has the lawful authority to review the records ex parte and, if the judge or magistrate determines that the record supports the classifying of the person as an imminent danger to himself or herself or others, to order the record be submitted to FDLE
 - a. The judge reviewing the matter shall use Attachment A, Confidential Ex Parte Order Directing Entry of Record in FDLE's Database of Persons Prohibited From Purchasing Firearms or Attachment B, Confidential Ex Parte Interim Order Requiring Further Documentation On Voluntary Commitment.

V. Clerk Procedures:

- a. The Clerks of the Circuit Court (Clerks) are directed to comply with the statutory time periods as computed in accordance with Rule of General Practice and Judicial Administration 2.514(a)(2). This Rule excludes performance of duties on weekends, holidays, or during periods of time extended by the Chief Justice.
- **b.** Upon receipt by the Clerk of the Circuit Court of a filing to exclude a voluntarily admitted patient from purchasing a firearm, the Clerk must, within 24 hours of receipt of the filing, present the filings to the Court.
- c. The filings must be provided to the Judge whose regular docket assignment includes presiding over Baker Act hearings. Should that Judge be unavailable. The filing shall be brought to the Duty Judge.
- d. In the event the Clerk has not received an order from the Court within 24 hours after submission of the filings to the judge(s) as described above, the Clerk is directed to forthwith notify the Chief Judge by telephone or e-mail. The 24-hour period shall be computed as provided in Rule of Judicial Administration 2.514(a)(2).
- e. If the Court orders that the record be submitted to the Florida Department of Law Enforcement, the Clerk must submit it to the FDLE within 24 hours of receipt of the Order from the Court. The 24-hour period shall be computed as provided in Rule of Judicial Administration 2.514(a)(2).

f. The Clerks of Court are directed to

- 1). Track the number of submissions made under this Administrative Order.
- 2). Report any problems with these procedures to the Chief Judge.

g. Nothing in this Administrative Order modifies the procedures for reporting involuntary admissions to mental institutions and the resulting prohibition on purchasing firearms by such persons.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED:

Administrative Order A-2014-4 is hereby rescinded, superseded, and replaced. Rescission, supersession, or replacement of any administrative order does not put into effect any provision of a previously rescinded, superseded, or replaced administrative order.

DONE AND ORDERED in Chambers at Brooksville, Hernando County, Florida this 10+4 day of June 2022.

Daniel B. Merritt, Jr.

Chief Judge

Fifth Judicial Circuit

Attachment A – Administrative Order Number A-2022-29

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT IN AND FOR COUNTY, FLORIDA
IN RE: [NAME]
[ADDRESS]
CASE NO.:
CONFIDENTIAL EX PARTE ORDER DIRECTING ENTRY OF RECORD IN FDLE'S DATABASE OF PERSONS PROHIBITED FROM PURCHASING FIREARMS
THIS CAUSE came before the Court on to determine if (NAME)
(DATE) (NAME) may be prohibited from purchasing a firearm because of his/her voluntary admission to a mental institution for outpatient or inpatient treatment after an involuntary examination under section 394.463, Florida Statutes.
The Court, having reviewed the following records:
The examining physician's certification that: if the person did not agree to voluntary treatment that a petition for involuntary outpatient or inpatient treatment would have been filed under section 394.463(2)(g)4, OR a petition for involuntary treatment was filed and the person subsequently agreed to voluntary treatment prior to a court hearing on the petition; The written notice of the examining physician's finding and certification that the person received prior to agreeing to voluntary treatment, and which contained a statement that he/she would be prohibited from purchasing a firearm and would not be eligible to apply for or retain a concealed weapon or firearm license under section 790.06; and
's written acknowledgment that he/she understands the above-described finding (NAME) certification and notice;
FINDS the record supports the classification of as an imminent danger to (NAME)
himself/herself or others and hereby ORDERS that such record be submitted to the Florida Department of Law Enforcement in accord with Section 790.065, Florida Statutes.
The Clerk of Court is DIRECTED to forward the record and this Order to the Florida Department of Law Enforcement within 24 hours of the entry of this Order. DONE AND ORDERED in Chambers, at, County, Florida, this day of, 20 , at: am/pm.
CIRCUIT JUDGE Copies furnished to:
- [Name of Patient] Receiving or Treatment Facility Administrator:

	OURT, FIFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT COUNTY, FLORIDA
IN RE: [NAME]	
	RDER REQUIRING FURTHER DOCUMENTATION ON TARY COMMITMENT
	to determine whether [date] may be prohibited from purchasing a firearm because
[name]	
of his/her voluntary admission to a mental insti examination under section 394.463, Florida Sta	tution for outpatient or inpatient treatment after an involuntary stutes.
The Court, having reviewed the submitted docu	umentation, FINDS as follows:
The examining physician's finding that a missing.	the person is an imminent danger to himself/herself or others is
	the person is an imminent danger to himself/herself or others t resulted in such a finding and must be supplemented.
petition for involuntary outpatient or inpatient t	that if the person did not agree to voluntary treatment that a treatment would have been filed under section 394.463(2)(g)4, treatment was filed and the person subsequently agreed to the petition is missing.
to agreeing to voluntary treatment, and which c	sician's finding and certification that the person received prior contained a statement that the person would be prohibited from to apply for or retain a concealed weapon or firearm license
's writt	ten acknowledgment that he/she understands the above-
[Name] described finding, certification and notice is missing.	ssing.
Name] 's writt	ten acknowledgment that he/she understands the above-
	ains the notation that the acknowledgment was refused.
Other:	

Exhibit B- Fifth Judicial Circuit Administrative Order Number A-2022-29

Based on the incomplete record presented to the Court by the ex	amining physician, the Court cannot
at this time find that's voluntary commitmen	at procedure met the requirements of
[Name]	
Section 790.065, Florida Statutes, so as to require that he/she be prohibit	
his/her name be added to the FDLE's Mental Competency (MECOM) da	atabase.
It is therefore	
it is therefore	
ORDERED that the examining physician file with this Court adequate commitment procedure within three (3) days. The Court reserves jurisdic matter. It is further	
ORDERED that a failure to timely file the documentation requested will	l result in:
☐ A dismissal of the matter with prejudice, without further order of this	Court,
☐ The person's record will not be submitted to the FDLE database, and	
☐ The person will not be precluded from purchasing a firearm because o institution.	of a voluntary admission to a mental
DONE AND ORDERED in Chambers, at,,,, am/pm.	County, Florida, this day of
	CIRCUIT JUDGE
Copies furnished to: Receiving or Treatment Facility Administrator:	
Pradation & Transmission & mannel & transmission manner.	
[Name of Patient]	